

SAN FRANCISCO, July 27.—Northern California, Fair tonight and Saturday, continued warm in the interior, light NW wind.  
San Francisco and vicinity: Fair tonight and Saturday, fresh west wind.

# ON TO PEKING IS UNCLE SAM'S ANSWER TO CHINA. NO COMPROMISE WITH CUNNING CELESTIALS.

**Advance to Be Made on Chinese Capital Despite Offers to Send the Ministers to Tien Tsin.**

**WASHINGTON, July 27.—**Secretary Hay signified his return to Washington this morning by the announcement that under no circumstances will the government accept the Chinese offer to turn over the foreign Ministers to the internationals at Tien Tsin in consideration of a suspension of the campaign against Peking. A long cablegram was dispatched today to Admiral Remey at Taku, and it is believed that this instruction was had upon him. The State Department claims to be pursuing an entirely consistent course in this decision. The officials point out that all of the bitter criticism in the European papers directed against the United States policy is based upon a total misunderstanding of the fundamental principle which have governed the actions of the Department.

At no time, it is said, has the State Department allowed the belief that the foreign Ministers at Peking were alive to interfere in the slightest degree with the prosecution of its military plans for reaching Peking.

On the contrary, the news that the Ministers were alive was accepted by the State Department, not as conveying absolute certainty, but as an additional reason for hastening the relief column forward to Peking. It was the department's contention that even though degree of improbability surrounded the Chinese news as to the state of affairs in Peking, yet every consideration of humanity and policy demanded it should be given careful consideration and should be acted upon if true, provided that action went to the relief of the foreign Ministers and not to operate to prevent the consummation of any of the objects laid down in the Secretary Hay's telegraphic note. The department is absolutely satisfied that its attitude was perfectly correct and that even European critics will in time admit that fact.

Secretary Hay's decision to decline the last Chinese proposition was based upon his determination to adhere strictly to the conditions laid down in the reply to the Chinese Emperor's appeal. The State Department required that the Ministers at Peking be put in communication with their governments, and the most significant condition of all was that the Chinese authorities co-operate with the relief expedition for the liberation of the legations. Until these two things are done the State Department absolutely refuses to be led into any arrangement looking to the mitigation of the punishment of the Chinese government, such as the abandonment of the expedition to Peking.

It is not known at present just how the last proposition reached the State Department. It is inferred that it came from Chinese sources, but all are believed to be traceable to Li Hung Chang. Mr. Goodnow, who is Consul-General at Shanghai, is the nearest United States official there, and has acquitted himself so well up to this point that the State Department does not hesitate to make free use of him as a diplomatic agent.

The Chinese may be interesting for the foreign contingent at Shanghai who have complained against Mr. Goodnow's interview with Li Hung Chang to know that the Consul General is acting in strict accordance with instructions of the State Department. He may also be asked to put himself in communication with Earl Grey and obtain as much as possible of that Chinese official's influence in securing the objects plainly stated in the Chinese note. It does not follow that the United States is bound to accept without question any statement by Earl Grey.

Mr. Goodnow is a safe man and the State Department feels itself able, using him as an intermediary, to give proper weight to any communication from the Chinese. He is so doing that the department is carrying out its policy of making all proper use of any instrumentality within its reach to achieve its well-defined objects, and it is not to be deferred from saying that any difficulties that it may be disturbing the solid army of the Chinese government in their dealings with the Chinese government.

A special Cabinet meeting was held in Secretary Hay's office at 11 o'clock this morning. The Secretary had just come from his personal interview with the President, was in a position to advise his colleagues of the Administration's wishes. There were present Secretary Gage, Postmaster General Smith and Secretary Root.

After the meeting adjourned it was stated that no further definite plans concerning the action of this Government had been prepared. The meeting was given over to general interchange of opinions and views.

Secretary Hay laid before the members the latest information he has received, including a dispatch from Consul General Goodnow at Shanghai.

The Chinese have requested information, presumably from Admiral Remey, that the number of allied troops in Tien Tsin is 25,000.

The movement of the troops from Tien Tsin to Peking, Secretary Root said, would depend upon the arrival of reinforcements of troops of other nations now on the way to Taku. He said it would be impossible for the United States forces, small as it is, to go alone. It is further stated that all the United States troops that can possibly be spared had been sent to China.

This Government presumably is still negotiating in good faith the representations made by Minister Wu. Our officials figure that two days more will suffice for an answer to be received from Minister Conger (presuming he is still alive) to the last code message that was sent him. In the meantime they are bending every effort to get all the men they can into China and co-operate with the allied forces in the forthcoming movement.

There were no other official messages from any Chinese source over night except a short message from Lieutenant

## MISSIONARY CABLES ENVOYS ARE ALIVE.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

BOSTON, Mass., July 27.—The American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions today received a cablegram from Dr. W. H. Morris, a missionary of the board, dated July 26, containing the words, "Peking, alive."

Rev. Porter, who was stationed at Pang Chung, province of Shantung, North China, escaped to Chefoo after the Boxer uprising. This telegram contained only the two words, "Alive," alive, in intimation being given as to the evidence on which the conviction on which apparently prevailed at Chefoo was based.

## OREGON DOCKED AND INJURIES ARE SLIGHT.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

WASHINGTON, July 27.—The Navy Department today received the following cablegram from Captain Wilde, commander of Oregon:

"KURE, July 26.—Secretary of Navy, Washington: Ship docked. Structural strength intact."

## MEASURES FOR PROTECTION OF FRENCH IN CHINA.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

PARIS, July 27.—The Cabinet Council today the Minister of Finance, Alfred S. M. Dubesse stated that full powers had been given the French Consul in China to take such measures as should be necessitated by the situation to insure the protection of French subjects. Accordingly, as naval reserves arrive at Foochow, they will be dispatched to various points where their safety may be deemed advisable.

The Consul at Karskow telegraphs to the Foreign Office that two military stations at Szoo Chuan have been plaged at Foochow, and that the Foochow, the provincial capital, is burned. The Consul adds that the Viceroy spontaneously took measures to restore order.

## CONDITIONS AT SHANGHAI WORSE THAN BELIEVED.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., July 27.—Charles Goodnow, Consul-General at Shanghai, and his brother, Consul-General John Goodnow at Shantung, in which the latter estimates that the conditions are even worse than has been indicated in his official cablegram, writes:

"Chinese are leaving the city at the rate of 1,000 or 2,000 a day. The purpose of their going or their destination is not known."

While he does not say so, Mr. Goodnow evidently believes that they are being massacred somewhere. Many of those leaving are Americans, and the Chinese who are left behind are mostly Europeans, and if their departure has been on account of fear of war between the allies, some of them would certainly have made their fears known to their white friends. The Europeans, the reformers have organized a body of volunteers to go to China, although several offered their services. This illustrates the suspicion with which all natives are regarded.

A number of Sikh policemen from the English concession are included in the ranks.

Mr. Goodnow has given up plans for a trip home and will remain at his post.

## KAISER BIDS FAREWELL TO HIS TROOPS.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

BREMERHAVEN, July 27.—Part of the German expeditionary force for China sailed today bound for the port of Taku. Prince William, accompanied by two of his sons and the imperial chancellor, Prince Hohenlohe, witnessed the embarkation of the expedition and delivered a farewell address to the troops.

## MINISTER WU ELATED OVER CHINESE NEWS.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

WASHINGTON, July 27.—Minister Wu

## MORE AMERICAN MISSIONARIES ARE SLAIN BY BOXERS.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

WASHINGTON, July 27.—The following dispatch was received at the State Department from Consul-General Goodwin at Shanghai, dated July 27th:

"An official telegram received here on the 13th said all foreigners and many of the native Christians had been killed at Tafting and the losses were 100. "Amoy, Amoy, Sinan, Foochow, Taylor, Peckin, Miss Gould, Merrill." The customs office reports disturbances at Yuan yesterday."

The telegram is much confused, but is given on exactly as received by the State Department.

It probably means that the Americans who were killed comprised the Sinow family, either a man or a woman named Taylor, another named Peckin, and the Misses Gould and Merrill. Tafting, about seventy-five miles southwest of Peking.

"Sir Claude concludes by advising the relief force to approach by the eastern gate or by way of the river.

"The losses of the foreigners in Peking three children have undoubtedly perished."

The North American Pictorial and the American Board of Missions, the latter being mostly Congregationalists, also had workers at Paoching.

HURRY ORDERS FOR MANUFACTURE OF REVOLVERS.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

PHILADELPHIA, July 27.—Orders were issued today by Major Heath, commanding the Ordnance Arsenal at Frankfort, a suburb of this city, to begin work at once on a large supply of thirty-four revolver cartridges and shrapnel. Captain Major Heath was ordered to increase the number of men from 700 to 700 and to work the men from 8 A. M. to 2 P. M. Recently the arsenal resumed work after a temporary shutdown.

## INFORMATION OF MISSIONARIES' WHEREABOUTS.

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## OUR GOVERNMENT WANTS ALLIES TO CHOOSE A LEADER.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

WASHINGTON, July 27.—This Government has not been notified of the selection of a commander for the allied forces to be sent to China, it is thought the selection has not yet been made.

General Chaffee has orders to do all in his power to facilitate the selection of a head for the expedition. It may be stated that whatever the preferences of the Government in the matter might be, we will cheerfully accept the selection of any one of the foreign commanders on the ground. The chief anxiety of this country is to have a start made for Peking as soon as practicable. We urge the commanders on the ground to make their selections and the question will have to be referred back to their respective governments. This would be deplorable delay. If the question is thrown back on the various governments the United States is in the frame of mind to interject some very trivial topic in order to distract some controversy which would more than likely convince the foreign chancellors of the business-like intentions of this Government.

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## FEELING IN LONDON NOW MORE HOPEFUL.

Belief Growing That Envoys Were Rescued in the Massacre of Foreigners at Peking.

## BLOODY PRINCE TUAN'S TROOPS TRIUMPHANT.

Report From Peking That the Foreigners Were Holding Out in a Cathedral on July 15.

BERLIN, July 27.—A dispatch received here today dated Tien Tsin, July 24, says: A messenger who left Peking Sunday, July 15, brought today to the customs office here news that Prince Ching's soldiers had been fighting Prince Tuan's troops and had been defeated.

The foreigners were defending themselves in the northern cathedral near the fort inside the city.

## MOB MURDERS AGED NEGRESS.

New Orleans Rioters Now Under Police Control.

The School Department is asking more money than was given it last year. For High School purposes over \$65,000 is asked. The Board of Education wants \$41,000 for the High School proper, and something over \$2,000 for the Central School. Thus a reduction in the estimate for common school purposes is more than offset by an increased demand on High School account.

This is due to the doubtful legal status of the central school. It has long been maintained as a mixed school—that is, it is a grammar school with a high school grade. But its expenses have all been paid out on the common school account.

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The suggested departure of the Ministers from Peking has led to a re-assessment of the losses, but the story is part of a deep-laid plan by China to conceal the date of the massacre at Peking, the suggestion being that Chinese officials, including that of the Legation, planned under a strong escort, but were ambushed and massacred by Boxers en route to Tien Tsin. However, although it is still believed a massacre has occurred, the disposition now is to think the Ministers were somehow rescued from a tragic fate.

In missionary circles at Shanghai, according to a dispatch received here today, it has been learned that all the missionaries have been captured. The people of the mission at Amoy, province of Fo Kien, are reported well.

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The suggestion that the high school grade be abolished brought forth an emphatic protest from the inhabitants of the western part of the city. Central School is a very popular institution with them, especially so with the large laboring element residing in that section. A great many of them have preferred availing themselves of the high school grade to sending their children to the High School. It was more convenient in the first place, and in the second the High School was crowded. There are other reasons of a social character which made the high school department of the Central School preferable to the High School in the eyes of a large majority of West Oaklanders.

The arrangement suited the Board of Education because it relieved the pressure on the High School and kept the cost of maintaining that institution down. To abolish the upper grade of Central School now will entail a hardship on West Oakland, besides crowding the High School and heavily increasing its expenses.

To obviate the difficulty the Board has determined to retain the High school feature, but has included the cost of maintaining the school in the estimate for High school purposes. Whether the estimate will be cut remains to be seen, but the increased demand is exceedingly embarrassing in view of the low rate in the city's finances.

These are only examples of the difficulties experienced by the Auditor in cutting the clothes according to the cloth. Generally speaking, there are increases in the estimated expenditures for every department, although the plan now appears to be to make the Street Department the residuary legatee after the other departments are provided for.

Both the Mayor and Auditor are desirous, however, of doing as much for the Street Department as the finances will permit. The Mayor is particularly anxious to have the streets kept clean and the sewers properly cared for, and while a great stickler for economy, thinks it poor policy to let the streets and sewers fall into bad repair. In a few days, however, Auditor Reed will finish carving and plowing the estimates, and then the exact facts as to the city's financial condition will be made known. While admitting that it is a puzzle how the city is going to get through the present year without sacrificing municipal needs to the exigencies of enforced economy.

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**SAVE MONEY ON THE MUSIC READERS** course of the Oakland School Department hasentirely changed, making new readers imperative. Bring us your old readers, and we will exchange for a new one as follows: First, Second and Third Readers, 15c ea; Fourth and Fifth, 20c, Sixth, 25c.

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## INSURRECTION A BLOODY ONE.

Six Hundred Lives Lost in the Colombian Uprising.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

OAKLAND, July 27.—The Liberal rebellion in this department has caused other thousands of more than 600 lives, the Liberales having won the greater part of the battle ground in the many hours.

The General representing the Liberals, and General Alfonso, the government general, have issued a decree suspending their arms and being guaranteed their freedom from imprisonment and the retention of all political rights. The foreigners who were with them in the rebels are to be discharged without pay.

The work of burying the dead is in progress. Panama has been brought into the deepest mourning by the loss of many of its prominent men.

Mr. Fisher, with the latest models.

**LIBERATION CRUSHED.**

CONSTITUTION, Panama, July 27.—The Colombia General, Gen. Roca, Mr. Porras, general, and the secretary of state, the last two members of the cabinet, and the members of the Department of Defense, saying the rebellion had been defeated, that the departments of Colon, Antioquia, Choco, Cauca and Bogota were quiet and in possession of the government, and that in Panama the rebels were entirely surrounded.

Mr. Porras stated that the government had purchased a vessel from France, which had sailed from Paris, equipped with arms and munitions, and had been expected to arrive immediately at Rio.

**FIERCE BLAZE IN WASHINGTON.**

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

SAFATRAMENTO, Calif., July 27.—Dr. H. L. Lyon, representing the State Board of Health, has returned from a tour covering several weeks past of the districts in the State affected by smallpox.

Dr. Lyon reported that the government had purchased a vessel from France, which had sailed from Paris, equipped with arms and munitions, and had been expected to arrive immediately at Rio.

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**IMPERIALISM IS THE ISSUE**

**MET DEATH IN A COLLISION.**

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

TACOMA, Wash., July 27.—The telephone station at Bremerton, Wash., reported yesterday that it was impossible to get through to Seattle because of the winter storm which has completely cut off the wires.

**FIRE UNFINISHED.**

PANAMA, Panama, July 27.—The fire at the Pan American Hotel, started at 4:30 this morning, has been extinguished, but the losses are estimated at \$100,000.

**SMITH BROS.  
AGENTS**

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155-158 BROADWAY — OAKLAND

**EDEN'S EXAMINATION SET FOR AUGUST THIRD.**

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., July 27.—A star witness for the defense in the trial of George L. Nussbaum, 41, of the Alameda County Board of Supervisors, was called yesterday.

Mr. M. G. O'Brien, a lawyer, said Eden

had agreed on the strength of a de-

position of strength from this city to Chief

Hegeler. The capture was made by de-

puties who had rung a bell with the

name of Hegeler in the name of the

state. Mrs. Marion, the victim, and others

were now awaiting trial for the offense

under State law.

Eden was brought into the Police Court this morning and the examination was set for August 3d.

**PRESIDENT HAS A BUSY DAY.**

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

LINCOLN, Neb., July 27.—W. J. Bryan said today that he has undertaken several important engagements to follow the path pursued at the national meeting of the

Democrats.

"The platform of the convention," he said,

"declared the meeting should be a great

amount of time in the interests of spe-

cific legislation, and that the time

should be given to the platform of the

Democrats.

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## Vacation Is Over and School Begins Monday

The Little Fellow may need a new School Suit. We have just received three cases of

## Special School Suits

### At Special Prices

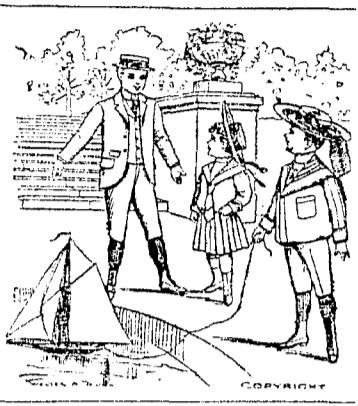
In single and double breasted, two and three piece suits, long and short pants, in cheviots, cassimeres and serges. We invite you cordially to step in and see them. You don't have to buy, and we are only too glad to show our goods, as we feel confident of pleasing you.

**SOME GREAT BARCAINS IN MEN'S SUITS FOR THIS MONTH.**

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THE TRIBUNE can be found on sale at the office of the International Paris Exposition Commission, 8 Place de l'Opera, Paris, France.

## The Tribune in the Country.

Patrons of THE TRIBUNE who intend spending the summer in the country or at the seashore may have their TRIBUNE mailed to them without extra cost by notifying carrier or leaving word at the business office, 47 Eighth street.

## Amusements.

Mademoiselle "Cinderella."

Dewey—"Cinderella."

California—"Rose City."

Tivoli—"Wand."

Alcazar—"The Country Girl."

Orpheum—Vanderbilt.

Great Opera House—"The Great Rubber."

Columbus—"His Excellency the Governor."

## Picnics at Shell Mound Park.

July 25—St. Joseph's Parish of San Francisco.

July 26—San Francisco Frauen Verein.

FRIDAY.....JULY 27, 1900.

Cuba is to have a new constitution. It is to be hoped it will be a strong one, in view of the chronic troubles they have to contend with over there.

The Democratic officers who are so anxious to ascertain the whereabouts of ex-Speaker Read might put in their time to some advantage in hunting up Grover Cleveland.

Californians are talking of building the price of the product. They are evidently trying to raise in all the checks they can before the approaching use of oil as fuel puts a crimp in their business altogether.

All the blunders in the schemes to fix the various elements opposed to the Republican party in several States have arisen from squabbles over the division of the offices. Not a single dispute has taken place over a question of principle. Indeed, there seems to be principle in the thing. It is just a contention to get the offices.

The semi-anual revolt is in progress in Panama. As, however, it only consists of the natives advertising their backs by walking through them, the world declines to turn its attention in that direction and busily watches developments. With this Chinese business on hand the Tribune affair looks like a daydream at a soldier's drill.

Scrapers are said to be swarming all over the oil fields of Central and Southern California since Judge Read's decision in their favor. As the player factors refuse, however, to give up their holdings until the Supreme Court passes upon the issue, the scrapers will have to transform themselves into scrapers if they expect to get hold of the last right away.

There should be little need to discuss the question of whether graduates of the State University should be preferred as instructors there or new men imported from the East. The whole thing should depend upon ability and fitness, and if one graduate proved to be a better man than the Easterner he should be appointed, and vice versa. The university wants the best, and those whom should be compelled to take its chances on an open competitive basis.

## COLONIES FOR CALIFORNIA.

The plans of Commander Booth-Tucker of the Salvation Army regarding the Chinese colony launched at Sheldy by the organization three years ago will, if materialized, bring about a highly interesting socialistic experiment. Many and varied have been the efforts of the philanthropist to devise some way in which the needy poor can be given the opportunity to support themselves in a manner conducive of good to the community, but with the exception of the Pingree plan, which proved successful in specie, none have survived the ordeal of practical test.

Commander Tucker's idea is based upon the fact that there is no occasion to bicker about the young and vigorous poor, but rather those who have reached middle age and especially those who have families dependent upon them. In this he is right, for the demands for labor are such that no man need be idle if he will not seek the places where a scarcity of wage earners exists. In the case of the individual with a wife and children he cannot, however, well follow the wake of employment as he rolls from the harvest field to the railroad, the mine or the forest, for his home cannot be so easily maintained if he is thus compelled to wander from place to place in search of work. In this connection, too, it must be mentioned that a continued breaking of home ties in such a manner would in many instances result in desolate plains that would leave the unfortunate wife and little ones drift on the world.

With the object of meeting this condition of affairs the Salvation Army now proposes to colonize on farms that cannot but bring about splendid results if the program is carried out. As something cannot be evolved from nothing, it is the intention to organize a stock company with a capital of \$100,000, which is to be subscribed by those interested in human works, though it will not be a case of charity but rather of investment, for five per cent interest will be fairly well assured. The scope of the colony at Sheldy will then be widened in many ways, for the land will be set off into a large number of small holdings upon each of which will be placed a family. Although there is to be a general form of management and a direct supervision exercised by the army, each occupant will be practically independent as to his crops, and a schedule will be adopted whereby the fruits of his labor will not only be applied to his actual support, but to the gradual purchase of his little farm, thus making him in the course of a few years absolutely independent and transforming him from a tenant into a landlord. By this method the ambition of every colonist will be aroused, and instead of his toil being merely in the nature of a struggle for existence, he can look forward to his emancipation from dependence in the not very distant future. Such a system must necessarily create benefits at both ends, for in addition to solving the problem of how to make the worthy poor self supporting, it will bring about the cultivation of large tracts of at present unproductive land, and by thus increasing our resources be a direct factor in the general upbuilding of the State. Good luck, therefore to the Salvation Army and its colonization plans.

## RE-ELECT GOOD JUDGES.

An upright and courageous judiciary is the strongest buttress of society. It is at once a check upon license and a safeguard of liberty. So long as we have judges who cannot be swayed by prejudice or clamor, nor moved by the corroding touch of interest, society is secure and the fundamental principles of right kept on a firm foundation. Electing judges who can be trusted to do their duty unswayed by power and untainted by gain is the only way to preserve the purity of the courts and secure respect for their decrees.

The terms of two judges of the Superior Court in this county will expire this year. Judges Ellsworth and Ogden have offered themselves for re-election. That is about as far as a candidate for the bench can go under the unwritten code that governs our politics. In this particular the incumbency of a judicial position has even less freedom of action than a new candidate. He is not in a position to ask favors, and one of the best proofs of his fitness is that he does not ask them.

Both Judge Ellsworth and Judge Ogden possess the confidence of this community, and rightly so. They have so borne themselves on the bench that their judgments are received with respect and accepted as righteous. Their private lives are blameless. Litigants can go before them confident that their cause will receive impartial consideration, that the law will be construed as conscience dictates, and that judgment will be rendered in accordance with the facts and the principles of justice. This is no light thing. It is next ought to be and must be expected, but it is not what the people always get.

The trial court of justice is one in which there is a union of integrity and popular confidence. The judge must not only be fair and honest but the people must believe that he is fair and honest. When this is so judicial decrees enforce respect and obedience, and the administration of justice commands that confidence in its impartiality and rectitude that is indispensable for good order.

We have this condition with Judges Ellsworth and Ogden on the bench. There is the happy union of popular confidence with high character and purity of purpose. It is a condition that should be maintained. Wisdom suggests that they should be reelected. They possess and have earned the good opinion of the public they have served so well. Not to re-elect them is to rebuke tried and trusted men without reason and against every dictate of sound policy. They merit the expression of popular approval that a re-election alone can give. It would be an injustice to them not to give it, and it would be a double infliction to the public interests they have so faithfully served.

The Republican party is responsible for the presence of Judges Ogden and Ellsworth on the bench. It is the duty of the party as well as of the people without respect to party to say to them, "Well done, thou good and faithful servants."

## NATIONAL DEBTS.

Thomas Jefferson laid down the axiom that "a public debt is a public benefit," and the world has evidently had great store by its effectiveness, judging by the way the nations of Europe have been plunging headlong into the piling up of figures on the debit side of their ledgers. From the present outlook it is dubious whether the enormous sums being expended by Russia, Germany, England and France for armaments and the maintenance of troops will not eventually result in bankrupting their treasuries and deranging their credit. Italy, Spain and Turkey are samples in the way of discredited nations that have resorted to every method known to finance to obtain funds, and they have at last been brought to bay and their overtaxed populations are forced to bear the brunt of the terrible burden. Spain's decline did not set in until her debts accumulated beyond the reach of possible redemption, and it is now at a standstill as a result of the prodigal mismanagement of her finances. Turkey has long passed the position where her creditors entertain the least hope of recovering their due. France still preserves that wonderful ability to meet her obligations, and her financiers and enabled to obtain from among the people of the nation the advances necessary to carry on the government and provide for the betterments of the army and the navy. Russia has emerged from her sedation to join the group of borrowing powers and has a frenzy for floating loans that are becoming enormous and frequent. Germany, too, in providing for her navy and the contemplated increase in the army and its entire re-equipment, will have to seek for financial assistance outside of that produced by the ordinary revenues of the empire. In other words, the national debt will be vastly increased. England is up to her eyes in debt, and instead of a reduction it is growing at a frightful rate. These obligations, of course, must all be shouldered by the taxpayer, and in a century from now that unfortunate individual will indeed be worthy of the compassion of the prouder and American Indian, who are both totally excluded from bearing the burden.

While Thomas Jefferson might have spoken wisely for his day and generation, he evidently did not anticipate that the world would be reeling in debt in less than three-quarters of a century after he posted his famous axiom on National policy.

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The wife of a wealthy Kansas farmer was accidentally killed while driving a reaper. It was impossible to get harvest hands, so the farmer's wife took up the reins to save the crop from destruction. The Bryanites ought to point to this as one of the tragic results of Republican policy. Too much prosperity has compelled women to work in the fields.

Germany is making some sharp complaints about the friendly attitude assumed towards China by the United States. The Kaiser had better be careful—the eagle emblem of his country may have two heads to fight with, but the American bird is more than a match for it at any proposition under the sun.

There would be more danger in the "yellow terror" if the Chinese had any way to cross the ocean. A land march across Siberia is quite impossible, and the idea of their coming over sea is ludicrous. Notwithstanding the fine writers, the "white devils" are not likely to be overrun by pigtailed Celestials.

There will be no lack of fighting men in case the army has to be increased because of the war in China. Eastern papers report a great rush to enlist since the troubles began. It is noticeable that Americans only manifest a desire for military service when there is an immediate prospect of fighting ahead.

A California horse has just carried off the honors of the world's mile pacing record. That is "the pace that kills," all right, for it once again gives the congo to the carping critic who a few months ago was telling the country that California is not adapted to the raising of fine horses.

A Kansas candidate puts forward as his chief qualification that he "gets things." Critical outsiders might consider it pertinent to inquire just how he gets them.

Society is making a great进步 because Lady Randolph Churchill is 32 while her dance is only 25. Surely she is old enough to know her own mind.

## RE-ELECT GOOD JUDGES.

## MORE SUPPORT FOR METCALF.

## Hill Club Pledges Its Loyalty to His Candidacy.

The Alcalde Hill Club composed of leading Republicans of Piedmont and Linda Vista, held a meeting last evening and pledged support and loyalty to Congressman Victor H. Metcalf.

The meeting was held at the home of Judge Fred C. Clark at Linda Vista, and A. S. McDonald, president of the club, acted as chairman.

Speeches favoring the candidacy of Metcalf for re-election were made by M. C. Chapman, Fred C. Clark, W. H. Watson, Clinton G. Dodge, William O'Connor, G. L. Belcher, W. R. Downing, and others.

The meeting closed with three cheers for the Republican party, for McKinley and Roosevelt, and for Congressman Metcalf.

The following resolutions were adopted:

"We, the members of the Metcalf Hill Club in the Fifty-first Assembly District, hereby express our extreme gratification because of the splendid record made by him first term by our distinguished fellow townsmen, the Hon. Victor H. Metcalf. Like Speaker Henderson and other colleagues of Mr. Metcalf, we cannot refrain from expressing our surprise and regret that any one calling himself a Republican should under the circumstances have sought to deprive a faithful officer of his right to a re-election and to deprive the people of his valued and continued services. We also regret that, too, while morally and successfully engaged in the discharge of important public duties and honestly upholding the hands of our honored President in guiding back the nation from adversity and financial ruin into a condition of industrial and commercial prosperity.

"Especially do we condemn the effort that is being made to supplant Mr. Metcalf, who has acquired in a single session a large and unprecedented amount of experience and power and a wide acquaintance with leading public men, and to substitute for him a man wholly without any of these advantages, to the detriment of the Republican party and the welfare of the country.

"It is our sincere conviction that the Third Congressional District cannot afford to lose these advantages and the continued services of Mr. Metcalf; that the election to his place of a stranger to the public service, methods of legislation and the leading public men of the nation would not only weaken the influence and importance of this district in the Congress of the United States, but would conclusively demonstrate that we have not sense enough to know that the effective influence upon a member of Congress is almost wholly dependent upon the duration of his period of service in the House.

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### BANCH OFFICES

Classified advertisements and subscriptions placed at any of the following branch offices will be promptly forwarded to THE TRIBUNE.

ALAMEDA

L. A. FIELD'S Stationery Store, 1309 Park street.

BERKELEY

NEEDHAM BROS., New P. O. Building, Shattuck avenue.

OAKLAND

MISS M. E. BURKIN's Notion Store, P. O. Building, 262 Telegraph Avenue.

GARRET & TAGGART'S Drug Store, 1601 San Pablo avenue and Fourteenth street.

JACKSON'S PHARMACY, 1715 Seventh street, West Oakland.

A. L. LEEDER'S Drug and Stationery Store, 1320 Telegraph Avenue.

VOCAL & KOERTNER'S Grocery, Thirtieth street and Telegraph Avenue.

VENTWORTH'S Drug Store, corner of Thirtieth street and Fourteenth street, East Oakland.

W. WESTLAKE'S Emeryville Pharmacy, San Pablo and Park avenues.

### GENERAL NOTICES

L. H. HUMPHREY—Five years' rent with full board, for room, cleaning with help, \$100 per month, starting July 1st. Box 303. Call me Thursday evenings.

P. P. Price, 200.

FREED—Gentle feather racket and carriag.

HOOD—Mohr & Kallbach, 20 Market street, San Francisco.

LYTON SPRINGS, Mineral Waters—25 Telegraph Ave., Oakland; natural spring waters sold, soft water and carbonated water to all parts of Oakland and Berkeley.

MRS. E. SLEETH'S Employment Office, 32 Sixth st.; reliable help, all nationalities. Phone Lake 304.

MITS. WOOD—Competent help supplied; references; all nationalities; male and female; removed to 18 Eighth st.; telephone black 2374.

FOUR OR FIVE ROOMS nearly furnished for housekeeping; more rooms if desired; piano; studio; if desired; piano. 175 Franklin.

TWO nicely furnished rooms in private family; few blocks from City Hall. Address, box 22, Tribune office.

NEWLY furnished rooms, single or en suite; also offices; second floor; northwest corner Broadway and Twelfth st.

FOUR ROOMS, furnished or unfurnished, 1621 Telegraph bet. Kirkham and Perella streets.

THE GRAND HOTEL, 855½ Washington near Ninth st., the grandest hotel in the city; furnished rooms, all the comforts of a home; rates reasonable. Mrs. H. Bryan, agent; telephone red 834.

J. F. YOUNG, the jeweler and watch maker, is again back on Broadway; now located at 104½ Broadway, between Tenth and Eleventh sts.

FURNITURE, pianos and baggage moved, packed, stored and shipped.

VENOM HOTEL—51 Ninth st., near Washington, most centrally located; thoroughly renovated; modern elevator; appointments simple or sumptuous; European plan; headquarters for commercial men; rates reasonable. L. A. Routs, prop., in Suite 326.

E. MONTH—Completely furnished housekeeping rooms, \$5 month; large sunny room for two persons. "The Journal," Second and Broadway.

FINE FURNITURE, rooms for offices, houses, stores, etc., and single gas stoves; two rooms \$10. 14½ Washington st., between Eleventh and Seventeenth sts. Tel. green 432.

ALAMEDA Window Cleaning Company, room 15, 304 Broadway, Oakland, agents for the Sanitary Dust Layer. Floors and walls will be scrubbed; janitor work, etc.

The Sanitary Dust Layer, 14½ Washington, a disreputable, squalid and sprawling den and keeps door free from insects. Phone 3384 black.

OAKLAND Window Cleaning Co., 607 Seventh st.; order box S. W. cor. Twenty-first and Broadway; cleaning now over, double, triple, window down, floors scrubbed; contracts by week or month; phone 512 main. G. Figone.

PERSONALS

WANT the acquaintance of a lady object for friendship, and in confidence. Address, box 25.

WILL, Mrs. C. Smith who wrote the letter to the Tribune, July 17, 1900, desire to remain anonymous. M. C. D. Box 7.

NOTE THAT you are thinking of house cleaning and for W. A. C. to clean and linge your curtains, sit 14½ Twelfth st. Tel. Tel. Cedar 902. Store Tel. black 225.

TO LET—Furnished flats centrally located, sunny. 102½ Wood st.

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Get into some good underwear.

In our window you will find a garment to your taste—

Fancy mercerized silk stripe—elastic ribbed—form fitting at

\$1.50 per garment.

M.J. KELLER CO.  
107-1159  
WASHINGTON ST.  
OAKLAND, CAL.

## WAR AGAINST ELMHURST IS IN CONSTABLES. LINE FOR METCALF

Boycott of Quinn's Court  
Held Not to Be  
Legal.

**County Expert Bullock has again denounced war in the Courts, and the leading Honors before Justice J. S. Quinn in East Oakland, when they should have been taken before Justice J. S. Quinn in the township where they were arrested. There are two accusations against the constables—the public and the other, and the 2nd of the Justice for every case coming before him. It is said that Justice Quinn has been lenient because on one occasion he found a scoundrel a Conductor for a working man in a vagrant. What upon the charges was not good enough when Expert Bullock refused to allow me to take Julius Carlson and David Schwartz, two boys arrested at Lomita for misdeeds, before Justice Lomita.**

### REV. CHAS. R. BROWN HAS RETURNED HOME.

Rev. Charles R. Brown, pastor of the First Congregational Church of this city, has returned from his vacation spent with his parents in Washington, D. C. Mr. Brown visited Yosemite Park and while there attended the services given at the military church near Mt. Hermon Gould during the first winter with one of the regiments of the troops.

While returning from town, Mr. Brown was in a train wreck at Redding, California, when his wife and two sons were killed. His wife, Mrs. Brown, was killed in a day or two after the accident.

Now, Sunday morning, Mr. Brown will occupy his pulpit, and the day will mark the beginning of his 16th year as pastor of the church.

### Train Jumps the Track

One of the cars of an outbound freight train jumped the track about a mile west of Elmhurst last morning, as the train was going very slowly and was stopped before it reached the west end of the bridge. The track was soon straightened and the train succeeded in getting the car back on the track and continued its trip without causing any serious delay to traffic.

### Dalton Club Meeting

A meeting of the Third Ward Dalton Club was held last night at the pool room of the "Spartan" restaurant, 1021 Madison street. The club's executive committee was elected: George E. McElroy, J. M. New, O. H. Palmer, George W. L. Barker, H. S. McRae.

### Baby Badly Cut

Babes' tooth, as bad as it was, was brought to the hospital by the mother to be treated, and the doctor on the side of his head, the child was shown to be with many cuts in his hands.

### A Fore (4) Runner of Success

Your attention to the opportunities we offer this week will be the forerunner of your success, even with each purchase.

**\$25.00—Free**

### Wishart's Drug Store

A large elegantly dressed DOLL valued at \$25.00 will be presented to the first one girl, boy, and a g-t-wt—who can get the most out of their purchases, whether \$2 or \$20.

Name of Doll to be given in an envelope deposited in the National Bank, everyone invited to do so. See the Doll in our Window.

### Specials this Week

Pinkham's Hair Renewer ..... 50c  
Corn Fl. diet. r. in. cure ..... 15c  
Cure SICK HEADACHE ..... 25c  
Bassett's Cold in Head Cure ..... 55c  
Mellin's best, best kind ..... 55c  
Sei's Rum-liquor ..... 40c  
Cascuettes ..... 10c, 20c, 40c

### WISHART'S CUT RATE DRUG STORE

CORNER  
Tenth and Washington Sts.  
OAKLAND, CAL.

## OLD GUARD WILL SUPPORT METCALF.

### Pledge Loyalty to the Ticket and to Republican Principles.

Fraternal Hall was filled to overflowing last evening with veteran Republicans who had assembled to organize a Republican Club composed of members who voted in Alameda county a quarter of a century or more ago. It was a splendid gathering of matured intelligence—gray-haired men who had borne the Republican banner of the grand old party—many of them since its organization in 1850. One of the old Republicans present was a member of the first Republican convention held in the United States, to wit, on the 17th day of June, 1850, at Rutland, Vt., with convention first adopted the name "Republican," and which name was taken up by succeeding conventions, composed of former members of all parties opposed to the extension of slavery, and adopted by the national convention which assembled in Philadelphia in 1856, nominating John C. Fremont for President.

The gathering of the "Old Guard" last evening, enthused with the old spirit, called up the half-forgotten memories of the past political battles, when to be a Republican meant something more than a scrabble for office. It meant a gallant fight for principle.

The meeting was called to order by Hon. N. W. Spaulding with apt remarks, stating its purpose to be that of organizing the old line Republicans for active work as of yore—which organization was to be made permanent—the only qualification for membership being twenty-five years a voter of the Republican ticket, and for the nomination of a president for the election.

Hon. Chas. N. Fox was nominated by several members, seconded by as many more, and unanimously elected.

Judge Fox, on taking the chair, delivered an exceedingly interesting address tracing the principles of the Republican party from the early periods down to the present, it was a most admirable address, calling forth rounds of applause.

The club then elected the following officers: N. W. Spaulding, Pres.; G. H. Gray, Judge J. M. Haven, A. C. Henry and Harry N. Morse. For secretary, A. W. Bishop.

To test the sentiments of the members as to a choice for Congressman from this district, a motion was made and seconded that all who were in favor of the re-nomination and re-election of Hon. Victor H. Metcalf to manifest it by a standing vote.

Every person present but one rose to his feet, and the president announced Victor H. Metcalf to be the choice of the club for re-election to the office he has so ably and honorably filled during the past year.

The announcement was received with cheers and rounds of applause.

The secretary then read the following declaration of principles, etc., which on motion were unanimously adopted:

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